Two new species of *Heterocerus* FABRICIUS, 1792 from Mexico (Coleoptera: Heteroceridae)

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Abstract

Heterocerus ezeri sp.n. and *H. prepsli* sp.n. (Coleoptera: Heteroceridae) from Mexico are described and illustrated. A checklist of the species of Heteroceridae recorded from Mexico is provided.

Key words: Coleoptera, Heteroceridae, Heterocerus, Tropicus, taxonomy, new species, Mexico, checklist.

Introduction

To date, 19 species of Heteroceridae were known from Mexico: 15 in the genus *Heterocerus* FABRICIUS, 1792 and four in the genus *Tropicus* PACHECO, 1964 (SKALICKÝ 2018). During the study of specimens belonging to this family of beetles from the collection of Mr. Eduard Ezer (Zlín, Czechia), I was able to identify two species new to science, which are herein described.

Material and methods

Male genitalia were extracted after a brief immersion of the abdomen in a cold solution of potassium hydrate at 10%; the genital pieces were included in a drop of DMHF (Dimethyl Hydantoin Formaldehyde) resin on a card pinned under the specimen. Habitus images were taken with a Nikon stereomicroscope SMZ-1/1B 80x; measurements were taken with the ocular micrometer of the stereomicroscope.

Acronyms:

CEZ Collection Eduard Ezer, Zlín, Czechia

CMS Collection Alessandro Mascagni, Scandicci, Firenze, Italy

Heterocerus ezeri sp.n.

TYPE MATERIAL: Holotype σ (CEZ): MEXICO, Sonora, 28 km S Navojoa, 8.IX.2012, leg. S. Prepsl. **Paratypes**: $4 \neq \varphi$ (CEZ 3 exs., CMS 1 ex.), same data as holotype.

DESCRIPTION: Holotype σ : Total length 3.2 mm (to apex of labrum); pronotum 1.2 mm wide; elytra 2.0 mm long, 1.3 mm wide across shoulders. Head dark brown, with dense whitish pubescence, and with longer scattered setae; mandibles large, with acute apex; eyes well developed, antennae with 11 antennomeres, apical seven antennomeres clubbed; clypeus with pair of anterior horns, with dense and short setae, longer especially at sides. Pronotum dark brown, lighter on sides, about as wide as base of elytra, rectangular, densely punctate, posteriorly bordered, with dense whitish pubescence and longer setae laterally. Elytra densely punctate, with dense whitish pubescence, and with scattered longer setae; elytral markings of ochraceous colour, disposed as in Fig. 1. Legs ochre, densely pubescent; tibiae with numerous spines and long setae. Abdomen ochre, lighter at sides, stridulatory arch marked; post-metacoxal line absent. Aedeagus (0.7 mm long) and speculum gastrale (V-shaped) as in Fig. 2.





Paratypes q_{q} : Total length 3.2–3.5 mm (to apex of labrum); pronotum 1.1–1.2 mm wide; elytra 2.0–2.2 mm long, 1.2–1.3 mm wide across shoulders. Externally similar to holotype.

ETYMOLOGY: I am glad to dedicate this new taxon to my colleague Eduard Ezer (Zlín, Czechia).

DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS: *Heterocerus ezeri* is related to the *H. philippensis* group (MASCAGNI & SKALICKÝ 2007) due to the shape of the male genitalia; however, it differs in the disposition of the elytral pattern and the morphology of the aedeagus.

DISTRIBUTION: The new species is at present known only from the type locality.

Heterocerus prepsli sp.n.

TYPE MATERIAL: Holotype σ (CEZ): MEXICO, Sonora, 28 km S Navojoa, 8.IX.2012, leg. S. Prepsl. Paratypes: 1 σ (CMS), 1 $_{\phi}$ (CEZ), same data as holotype.

DESCRIPTION: Holotype ♂: Total length 3.7 mm (to apex of labrum); pronotum 1.3 mm wide; elytra 2.3 mm long, 1.4 mm wide across shoulders. Head dark brown, with dense whitish pubescence and with longer scattered setae; mandibles large, with acute apex; eyes well developed, antennae with 11 antennomeres, apical seven antennomeres clubbed; clypeus with pair of anterior horns, with dense and short setae, longer especially at sides. Pronotum black, less dark at sides, about as wide as base of elytra, rectangular, densely punctate, posteriorly bordered, with dense whitish pubescence and longer setae laterally. Elytra densely punctate, with dense whitish pubescence, and with scattered longer setae; elytral markings of ochraceous colour, disposed as in Fig. 3. Legs ochre, densely pubescent; tibiae with numerous spines and long setae. Abdomen lighter brown at sides, stridulatory arch marked; post-metacoxal line absent. Aedeagus (0.9 mm long) and speculum gastrale (V-shaped) as in Fig. 4.

Paratype σ : Total length 3.7 mm (to apex of labrum); pronotum 1.3 mm wide; elytra 2.3 mm long, 1.4 mm wide across shoulders. Externally similar to holotype.

Paratype φ : Total length 4.4 mm (to apex of labrum); pronotum 1.5 mm wide; elytra 2.8 mm long, 1.6 mm wide across shoulders. Externally similar to holotype.

ETYMOLOGY: I am glad to dedicate this new taxon to Stanislav Prepsl (Brno, Czechia), collector of the type series.

DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS: *Heterocerus prepsli* is probably related to *H. similis* GROU-VELLE, 1896 and *H. reticulatus* PACHECO, 1964 because of the shape of the male genitalia; however, it differs in the disposition of the elytral pattern and the morphology of the aedeagus.

DISTRIBUTION: The new species is at present known only from the type locality.

Updated Checklist of the Heteroceridae of Mexico

Heterocerus armatus SHARP, 1882: 117 Heterocerus cognatus SHARP, 1887: 773 Heterocerus crossi MILLER, 1995: 251 Heterocerus evzeni SKALICKÝ, 2018: 1657 Heterocerus ezeri MASCAGNI, 2020: 253 Heterocerus fatuus KIESENWETTER, 1851: 292 Heterocerus gnatho LECONTE, 1863: 74 Heterocerus gnatho LECONTE, 1863: 74 Heterocerus mexicanus SHARP, 1882: 118 Heterocerus minor MASCAGNI & MONTE, 2010: 160 Heterocerus sinaloensis PACHECO, 1961: 15 Heterocerus sinalosus (PACHECO, 1964: 46) Heterocerus stankerus PACHECO, 1963: 6 Heterocerus unicus MILLER, 1988: 314 Heterocerus unituberculosus MILLER, 1995: 249 Heterocerus usingeri PACHECO, 1961: 14 Heterocerus velutinus SHARP, 1887: 773

Tropicus balli SKALICKÝ, 2006: 76 Tropicus bilineatus (CHEVROLAT, 1864: 407) Tropicus hevelorum SKALICKÝ, 2007: 173 Tropicus pusillus (SAY, 1823: 200)

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References

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